PERIYAR EVR COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS & ACCREDITED), TRICHY- 23 PG AND RESEARCH DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS B.Sc. PHYSICS (2015-16 ONWARDS) COURSE PATTERN

S.No	Part	COURSE	Hours	Credits	Internal Exam	External Exam	
SEMESTER I							
01	Ι	Tamil I	6	3	25	75	
02	II	English I	6	3	25	75	
03	III	CC01 - Properties of Matter and	6	5	25	75	
		Acoustics					
04	III	CC02- Core Practical I	2	-	-	-	
05	III	FAC1 - Mathematics I	4	4	25	75	
06	III	FAC2 - Mathematics II	2	-	-	-	
07	IV	Value Education	2	2	25	75	
08	IV	SBE – I - Fox-Pro	2	4	25	75	
		Total	30	21	150	450	
		SEMESTER I	I				
09	Ι	Tamil II	6	3	25	75	
10	II	English II	6	3	25	75	
11	III	CC02 - Core Practical I	4	4	25	75	
12	III	CC03 - Mechanics and Relativity	6	4	25	75	
13	III	FAC2 - Mathematics II	2	3	25	75	
14	III	FAC3 - Mathematics III	4	4	25	75	
15	IV	Environmental Studies	2	2	25	75	
Total				23	175	525	
SEMESTER III							
16	Ι	Tamil III	6	3	25	75	
17	II	English III	6	3	25	75	
18	III	CC04 - Thermal Physics	4	4	25	75	
19	III	CC05 - Core Practical II	2	-	-	-	
20	III	SAC1 – Chemistry - I	4	3	25	75	
21	III	SAC2 - Chemistry II - Practical	2	-	-	-	
22	III	ME I - Energy Physics	4	5	25	75	
23	IV	SBE – II - MS-Excel Lab	2	4	25	75	
		Total	30	22	150	450	
	1	SEMESTER I	V	1			
24	Ι	Tamil IV	6	3	25	75	
25	II	English IV	6	3	25	75	
26	III	CC05 - Core Practical II	4	4	25	75	
27	III	CC06 - Optics and Spectroscopy	6	4	25	75	
28	III	SAC2 - Chemistry-II Practical	2	3	25	75	
29	III	SAC2 - Chemistry III	4	3	25	75	
30	IV	NME I - Everyday Physics	2	2	25	75	
		Total	30	22	175	525	

S.No	Part	COURSE	Hours	Credits	Internal Exam	External Exam	
SEMESTER V							
31	III	CC07 - Electricity and Magnetism	6	5	25	75	
32	III	CC08 - Atomic Physics	6	5	25	75	
33	III	CC09 - Basic Electronics	6	4	25	75	
34	III	CC10 - Core Practical III	4	4	25	75	
35	III	ME II - Programming in C	5	5	25	75	
36	IV	NME - II Non Conventional Energy Resources	2	2	25	75	
37	V	Extension Activity	1	1	25	75	
Total			30	26	175	525	
SEMESTER VI							
38	III	CC11 - Wave mechanics and Nuclear Physics	6	5	25	75	
39	III	CC12 - Solid State Physics	6	4	25	75	
40	III	CC13 - Digital Electronics	5	4	25	75	
41	III	CC14 - Core Practical IV	5	4	25	75	
42	III	ME III - Electronic Instrumentation	5	4	25	75	
43	IV	SBE III - C Programming	2	4	25	75	
44	V	Gender Equality	1	1	25	75	
Total				26	175	525	
Grand Total			180	140	1000	3000	

Non Major Electives offered by Department of Physics

- 1. Everyday Physics.
- 2. Non renewable energy resources.

Skill based Electives offered by Department of physics

S.No	Course	Semester	Title
1	Skill based Elective	Ι	FOXPRO Lab
2	Skill based Elective	II	MS Excel Lab
3	Skill based Elective	III	C Programming

SEMESTER I

CODE: CC01

CORE COURSE I

PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND ACOUSTICS

UNIT I: ELASTICITY

Stress, Strain – Moduli of elasticity – Work done – relation between elastic moduli – Poisson's ratio – Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion method – Bending moment – Cantilever – Non – uniform bending: pin and microscope method – Searle's method for q, n, and σ .

UNIT II: VISCOSITY

Motion in a viscous medium – Coefficient of viscosity and its dimension – Poiseuille's formula – Experiment to determine the coefficient of viscosity of a liquid - Stoke's formula and Experiment – Surface Tension: Definition, Explanation – Excess of pressure inside a curved surface – Surface Tension by drop weight method – Interfacial Surface Tension – Experiment - Variation of S.T. with temperature.

UNIT III: GRAVITATION AND SPACE PHYSICS

Newton's law – Boy's method of finding 'g' – Gravitational potential and Intensity due to a sphere and shell – Variation of 'g' with altitude, latitude and rotation of earth – Escape velocity – Stationary orbits – Orbital velocity – Launching of satellites (basic ideas).

UNIT IV: OSMOSIS AND DIFFUSION

Osmosis – Osmotic pressure – Laws of osmotic pressure – Experiment – Lowering of vapour pressure – Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point – Diffusion - Coefficient of diffusion - Fick's laws – Determination of diffusivity – Applications.

UNIT V: ACOUSTICS

Intensity of sound – Decibel – Intensity level –Laws of transverse vibrations – Melde's string method – Acoustics of buildings – Sabine's formula – Ultrasonics – Production by piezoelectric and magnetostriction method – Properties – Applications.

- 1. Properties of Matter D.S. Mathur, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi 2004
- 2. Properties of Matter R. Murugesan, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi 2004
- 3. Sound R.L Saihgal, S. Chand & Co., 1998.
- 4. Properties of Matter Sundaravelusamy (Tamil medium book)

SEMESTER I & II

CODE: CC02

CORE COURSE-II MAJOR PRACTICAL –I

(Any 12 experiments only)

- 1. Non-uniform bending pin and microscope.
- 2. Uniform bending pin and microscope.
- 3. Determination of viscosity capillary flow method
- 4. Static torsion determination of 'n'.
- 5. Torsional pendulum determination of 'n' and M.I.
- 6. Compound pendulum determination of 'g' and 'k'.
- 7. Surface tension and interfacial surface tension drop weight method.
- 8. Specific heat capacity of a liquid Newton's law of cooling method.
- 9. Sonometer determination of A C frequency.
- 10. Melde's string Two modes.
- 11. Spectrometer Refractive index of a solid prism.
- 12. Air wedge determination of thickness of a thin wire.
- 13. Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter
- 14. Meter bridge specific resistance.
- 15. Study of characteristics of a junction diode.
- 16. Study of characteristics of a Zener diode.

SEMESTER I

CODE: SBE1

SKILL BASED ELECTIVE I

FOX-PRO PRACTICALS

- 1. Address data base creating structure, inputting data, listing selected fields, appending data and saving.
- 2. Deposit database file structure, input and other operations, deleting, packing and recalling records.
- 3. Modifying structure of existing database file including new fields editing & viewing with browse command.
- 4. Payroll creating structure and using formula replace command.
- 5. Using mathematical and financial functions.
- 6. Rank list database file sorting and indexing.

Books for study:

Fox - pro 2.5 for DOS & windows made simple – R. K. Taxali, BPB publications – New Delhi -1996.

SEMESTER II

CODE: CC03

CORE COURSE-III

MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY

UNIT I: DYNAMICS AND RIGID DYNAMICS

Impulse - Impact - Laws of impact - Impact of a smooth sphere on a horizontal plan - Direct and oblique impact between two spheres. Moment of inertia - Angular momentum and kinetic energy of a rotating body - Theorem of parallel and perpendicular axis - Compound Pendulum: Determination of acceleration due to gravity and radius of gyration.

UNIT II: STATICS

Centre of Gravity - C.G of a solid hemisphere - Hollow hemisphere-Solid cone – Friction - laws of friction - Co-efficient of friction - Cone of friction - Angle of friction - Static and Dynamic friction - Equilibrium of a body on a rough inclined plane with and without the application of an external force.

UNIT III: HYDROSTATICS

Fluid pressure and it properties–Centre of pressure of a rectangular, triangular and irregular lamina immersed in a liquid - Floating bodies - Laws of floatation -Stability of floating bodies – Metacentre - determination of metacentric height of a ship - Variation of atmospheric pressure with altitude.

UNIT IV: CLASSICAL MECHANICS

Mechanics for a system of particles – Constraints - Conservation theorem for linear momentum and energy – Degrees of freedom-Phase space - Configuration space – Principle of virtual work - D'Alemberts Principle- Lagrangian equation from D'Alemberts Principle. Application: simple pendulum.

UNIT V: RELATIVITY

Newton's laws and their limitations- Inertial frames – Galilean transformations and invariance - Michelson-Morley experiment-Explanation of results - Postulates of special theory of relativity – Lorentz transformation – Relativity of space and time - Mass energy equivalence - Physical significance.

- 1. Mechanics D.S. Mathur, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
- 2. Dynamics M. Narayanamoorthy, National Publishing Co, Madras.
- 3. Statics, Hydrostatics and Hydrodynamics M. Narayanamoorthy and Nagarathinam, the National Publishing Co. Madras.
- 4. Mechanics R. Murugesan, S. Chand & Co New Delhi.
- 5. Classical Mechanics J. C. Upadhyaa, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 6. Classical Mechanics H. Goldstein.

SEMESTER III

CODE: CC04

CORE COURSE-IV

HEAT AND THERODYNAMICS

UNIT I: THERMODYNAMICS

Zeroth and First law of thermodynamics – Isothermal and Adiabatic process – work done during isothermal and adiabatic process – reversible and irreversible process – second law of thermodynamics – Carnot's reversible engine - efficiency in terms of temperature – entropy – change in entropy in reversible and irreversible process – temperature entropy diagram – Maxwell's thermodynamic equation.

UNIT II: LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS

Vander Waal's equation of state – values of critical constants in terms of a and b – Porous plug experiment – theory of porous plug experiment – Joule Kelvin effect – Liquefaction of hydrogen by Dewar method – Liquefaction of helium by H. K. Onnes method – Helium I & II properties – Adiabatic demagnetization – Principle of air conditioning and refrigeration.

UNIT III: TRANSMISSION OF HEAT

Conduction – Coefficient of thermal conductivity – Measurement of thermal conductivity – Forbe's method – Lee's disc method for bad conductor – Thermal radiation – block body – Stefan's law – deduction of Newton's law from Stefan's law – Solar constant – temperature of the Sun – Determination of solar constant by water flow Pyrheliometer.

UNIT IV: CALORIMETRY

Specific heat of solids and liquids – Dulong and Petit's law – Variation of specific heat with temperature – Newton's law of cooling – Specific heat capacity of liquid by cooling – specific heat capacity of gases – Mayer's relation- determination of C_v by Joly's differential steam calorimeter – determination of C_p by Regnault's method.

UNIT V: STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Statistical equilibrium – probability theorem in statistical thermodynamics – Maxwell – Boltzmann's distribution law – Application to ideal gas – Phase space – Fermi-Dirac distribution law – Bose-Einstein distribution law – comparison of three statistics – Application to photon gas (Plank's radiation law).

- 1. Heat and Thermodynamics J.B. Rajam and C.L. Arora S. Chand Publications, 1979.
- 2. Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics Sharma and Sarkar, Himalaya Publishing House, 1988.
- 3. Heat and Thermodynamics Brijlal and N. Subramanian, S. Chand Limited, 2001.
- 4. Statistical Mechanics Satya Prakash and C. Agarwal
- 5. Thermal Physics R. Murugesan, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.

SEMESTER III & IV

CODE: CC05

CORE COURSE-V

MAJOR PRACTICAL II

Any 12 experiments only

- 1. Cantilever determination of 'q'- mirror and telescope method.
- 2. Viscosity of a highly viscous liquid Stoke's method.
- 3. Lee's disc thermal conductivity of a bad conductor.
- 4. Newton's rings determination of R and refractive index
- 5. Potentiometer Ammeter calibration
- 6. EMF of Thermocouple Direct Deflection
- 7. Carey Foster's Bridge method Determination of specific resistance.
- 8. Potentiometer specific resistance.
- 9. Determination of M and B_H using deflection and vibration magnetometer.
- 10. Figure of merit table galvanometer.
- 11. Potentiometer temperature coefficient of resistance.
- 12. Spectrometer Liquid prism.
- 13. Transistor Characteristics CE mode.
- 14. Grating minimum deviation method.
- 15. Comparison of magnetic moment Deflection magnetometer.
- 16. Specific heat capacity Joule's calorimeter.

SEMESTER III

CODE: ME1

ELECTIVE CORE - I

ENERGY PHYSICS

UNIT I: SUN

The characteristics of Sun - Solar constant - Electromagnetic energy spectrum - spectral distribution - Solar radiation on earth's surface - Solar angles - Types of Pyrheliometers - Angstrom Pyrheliometer, Eppley Pyrheliometer, Abbots silver disc Pyrheliometer - Estimation of average Solar radiation.

UNIT II: SOLAR COLLECTORS

Liquid flat plate collectors - General characteristics - Collection efficiency -Focusing type solar collectors - Concentrator and Receiver geometric - General characteristics of focusing collectors - Optic losses - Construction of reflectors.

UNIT III: SOLAR HEATERS AND COOLERS

Solar air heaters: types, performances and applications – storage system: electrical storage, thermal storage, chemical storage and pebble bed storage.

Solar cooling systems - Vapour compression systems and heat pumps - Absorption air conditioning - Open and cooling system - Natural methods of air conditioning.

UNIT IV: SOLAR GENERATORS

Solar thermal power generation - Solar still - Solar pump - Solar pond - Solar cooker - selective coating. Conversion of light into electrical energy - Photovoltaic power generation - types of solar cells.

UNIT V: OTHER ENERGY SOURCES

Fossil fuel resources - Need for alternate energy resources - Biological conversion – Biogas – Geothermal - Ocean Thermal Energy Conversions - Wind power - Basic principles of Magneto-hydrodynamics - Solar production of hydrogen - Liquid hydrogen as a fuel in future.

Books for Study and Reference:

1. Solar energy utilization - G. D. Rai - Khanna Publications, New Delhi, 1993.

2. Solar energy – C. G. Agarwal.

SEMESTER III CODE: SBE II SKILL BASED ELECTIVE COURSE - II MS EXCEL PRACTICALS

- 1. Profit and loss inputing data and use of formula.
- 2. Deposit worksheet calculation of simple interest, compound interest etc
- 3. Mark list worksheet sorting copying cells handling decimals.
- 4. Pie diagrams and bar charts Plan expenses, unemployment etc.
- 5. Use of functions statistical, mathematical and financial.

CODE: CC06

CORE COURSE VI OPTICS AND SPECTROSCOPY

UNIT I: GEOMETRICAL OPTICS

Cardinal points and Cardinal planes – Chromatic aberration in lenses and achromatic condition – Spherical aberration in a lens and methods of minimizing it – Huygens's and Ramsden's eyepieces – construction, theory, merits and demerits.

UNIT II: DIFFRACTION

Rectilinear propagation of light – Zone plate – Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction – Plane diffraction grating – Determination of wavelength – Absent spectra – Overlapping spectra – Dispersive and resolving powers of a grating – Comparison between prism and grating spectra.

UNIT III: POLARIZATION

Transverse nature of light – double refraction – Huygen's explanation of double refraction – Nicol prism – Quarter wave plate and Half wave plate – theory, production and analysis of circularly, elliptically and plane polarized light – Fresnel's theory of optical rotation – Specific rotation – Laurent's half shade Polarimeter – Bi-quartz method – determination of specific rotation of sugar solution.

UNIT IV: SPECTROSCOPY

Spectra – continuous, line and band spectra – Solar spectrum – Electromagnetic spectrum – Ultra-violet spectrum – Instrumentation – Infra Red spectrum – Instrumentation – Applications of IR spectra – Raman effect – Experimental study of Raman effect – Quantum theory – Applications.

UNIT V: FIBER OPTICS

Optical fiber: structure, principle and classifications – Theory of propagation – Numerical aperture – Coherent bundle – Fiber optic sensors – active and passive – Fiber endoscope – Fiber optic communication systems (Block Diagram) and their advantages.

- 1. Optics Brijlal and Subrahmanyam S. Chand & Co, 2012.
- 2. Optics Ajoy Ghatak Tata Mc Graw Hill New Delhi, 2005.
- 3. Optics and spectroscopy R. Murugeshan, S. Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2010.

CODE: NME I

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE COURSE - I

EVERYDAY PHYSICS

UNIT I: LASER AND FIBER OPTICS

Laser applications in industries: cutting, welding, hole drilling - LIDAR and Laser tracking - Laser in medicine - Fiber optic communication system – Advantages – Holography – Application of holography.

UNIT II: ELECTRICITY

Condenser – Principle of a capacitor - types: mica, paper, variable, electrolytic and guard ring condenser – Atmospheric Electricity - Causes of atmospheric electricity – Lightning Conductor.

UNIT III: ELECTROCHEMISTRY

Electrolysis – Applications of electrolysis – Simple voltaic cell – Daniel cell – Lechlanche cell - Dry cell – Atomic battery - Standard cells: Lead acid accumulator, Nickel Iron Accumulator.

UNIT IV: OPTOELECTRONIC DEVICES

Photodiode - Phototransistor - Photoconductor – LED - LCD - Solar cell. (principle, construction, working and applications)

UNIT V: SOLAR ENERGY

Solar air heater, Design of solar cooling system – Natural methods of air conditioning - Ocean thermal Electric conversion (open and close cycle) – Wind energy Conversion (horizontal and vertical types).

- 1. Optics and Spectroscopy R. Murugeshan, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2010.
- Electricity and magnetism Brijlal and Subramanyam, Ratan Prakashan Mandir, 1966.
- 3. Modern physics R. Murugeshan, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2008.
- 4. Solar energy utilization G. D. Rai, Khanna publications, New Delhi, 1993.

CODE: CC07

CORE COURSE VII

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

UNIT I: ELECTROSTATISTICS

Gauss theorem and its applications – Coulomb's law - Force on the surface of a charged conductor - Electrostatic energy of the medium - Electric potential and field due to a uniformly charged disc at an axial point, at the centre of the disc – Capacitors - Expression for the capacity of a spherical capacitor - Energy of a capacitor - Loss of energy due to sharing of charges.

UNIT II: CURRENT ELECTRICITY

Laplace's law - Biot - Savort's law - Application to field along the axis of a circular coil and solenoid - force on the conductor in a magnetic field - Kirchoff's laws - Wheatstone's network - Carey Foster's bridge – determination of temperature coefficient.

UNIT III: MAGNETIC INDUCTION

Introduction – Magnetic field, flux density - Intensity of Magnetization – Susceptibility – Permeability - Relation between B and H - Cycle of Magnetization-Retentivity – Coercivity – Hysteresis – B - H loop - Ballistic method of plotting.

UNIT IV: ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Laws of electromagnetic induction - Expression for induced emf - Self inductance of a solenoid - Rayleigh's method of finding self inductance of a coil - Mutual inductance - Determination of mutual inductance between pair of coils – Coefficient of coupling - Eddy current and its applications.

UNIT V: DC AND AC CIRCUITS

Growth and decay of current in an LR circuit - Growth and decay of charge in a CR circuit - Determination of high resistance by leakage - AC Circuits: LR, CR, and LCR circuits (Series and parallel) - Comparison – Sharpness of resonance -Power factor - Wattless current - Skin effect.

Books for study and references:

- Electricity and Magnetism Brijlal and Subramanyam Ratan Prakashan Mandir -New Delhi - 1995
- 2. Magnetism and Electricity Khare and Srivastava AtmaRam and sons New Delhi.
- 3. Electricity and Magnetism R. Murugeshan, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2008

CODE: CC08

CORE COURSE VIII

ATOMIC PHYSICS

UNIT I: ATOM MODELS

Sommerfeld's relativistic atom model – Elliptical orbits for Hydrogen – Relativistic variation of electronic mass – fine structure of the H α line – Vector atom model – Spatial quantization - Spinning electron – Various quantum numbers – Pauli's exclusion principle - Periodic classification of elements – Electronic configuration of elements - Bohr magnetron – Experimental confirmation of Vector Atom Model – Stern – Gerlach experiment.

UNIT II: ZEEMAN EFFECT

Zeeman effect – Debye's explanation of normal Zeeman effect – Anomalous Zeeman effect – Theoretical explanation – Lande 'g' factor – Measurement of atomic magnetic moment – Paschen - Back effect – Explanation of Stark effect (no proof).

UNIT III: X-RAYS CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

X - rays – Continuous and characteristics X - rays – Hard and soft X - rays – Mosley's law and their importance – X - ray study of crystal structures – Laue's method – Rotating crystal method – Powder crystal method.

UNIT IV: PHOTOELECTRIC AND COMPTON EFFECT

Photoelectric effect – Lenard, Richardson and Compton experiments – Laws of Photoelectric emission – Einstein's photoelectric equation – Millikan's experiment – Determination of Plank's constant - Photo Voltaic cells – Photo conductive cells – applications of photoelectric cells – Photo multiplier – Photodiodes and Phototransistors –Compton Effect – Theory and experimental verification.

UNIT V: LASERS

Stimulated emission – Population inversion – Temporal and spatial coherence – He – Ne laser – Carbon dioxide laser – Semi conductor laser – Dye laser – Medical, Industrial and Scientific applications of laser.

- 1. Modern Physics R.Murugesan S. Chand & Co, New Delhi, 2008.
- **2.** Lasers Theory and Applications Thyagarajan and Ghatak McMillan, Plenum Press, 1981.
- 3. Solid State Physics S. L. Gupta & V. Kumar K. Nath and Co., Meerut.
- 4. Atomic Physics J. B. Rajam S. Chand & Co.
- 5. Concepts of Modern Physics A Beiser Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1987.

CODE: CC09

CORE COURSE IX

BASIC ELECTRONICS

UNIT I: SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE

Intrinsic semiconductor - Extrinsic semiconductor - N-type and P-type semiconductor - PN junction - Junction diode - Volt-ampere characteristics - Zener diode - Half wave and full wave rectifier - Bridge rectifier - Efficiency - Ripple factor.

UNIT II: TRANSISTORS

Bipolar junction transistor - Transistor action - Configurations of transistor - CB,CE and CC - Characteristics CB, CE & CC connection - Comparison - Transistor biasing circuit - Fixed bias circuit - Voltage divider biasing circuit - Essential of a transistor biasing circuit – FET - construction and working - Output characteristics - parameters.

UNIT III: TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIERS

Single stage transistor amplifier – Working - Practical circuit of transistor amplifier - Phase reversal - Voltage gain - Classification of amplifiers - Multistage amplifier - R.C coupled transistor amplifier - Audio power amplifier - Difference between voltage and power amplifiers - Classifications of power amplifiers - Push Pull amplifier.

UNIT IV: FEEDBACK IN AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS

Feedback in amplifier - Voltage gain of feedback amplifier - Advantages of negative feedback - Emitter follower - Positive feedback - Amplifier as an oscillator - Hartley and Colpitt's oscillator – Multivibrators: Astable, Mono - stable and bistable multivibrator using transistors

UNIT V: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Integrated Circuits – Monolithic - IC fabrication - IC components – Resistor – Capacitors – diodes – Transistor - IC package and Symbols - Operational amplifier -Inverter –Adder – Subtractor - Differentiator and Integrator.

- 1. Principles of Electronics V. K. Metha S. Chand & Co.
- 2. Elements of Electronics Anand Prakash, Chopra and Segal S. Chand & Co.
- 3. Basic Electronics and Linear circuits Bhargava Kulshreshtra and Gupta, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 1989.
- 4. Integrated circuits and Semiconductor devices Deboo and Burrous Mc Graw Hill, 1987.

CORE COURSE X

CODE: CC10

MAJOR PRACTICAL III

(Any 15 experiments only)

- 1. q by Non-uniform bending Koenig's method.
- 2. Spectrometer i-d curve.
- 3. Spectrometer i-i' curve.
- 4. Spectrometer Dispersive power of the material of the prism.
- 5. Spectrometer Prism Cauchy's constant
- 6. Determination of M and B_H -Tan C position
- 7. Spectrometer grating-normal incidence method
- 8. Field along the axis of the coil determination of 'm'.
- 9. Comparison of magnetic moments by vibration magnetometer
- 10. Potentiometer calibration of high range voltmeter.
- 11. Potentiometer Calibration of high range ammeter
- 12. Potentiometer EMF of a thermocouple
- 13. Potentiometer Temperature coefficient of a thermistor.
- 14. C program to solve the quadratic equation
- 15. C program to find the largest and smallest of given numbers
- 16. C program to arrange the numbers in ascending/descending order

CODE: ME II

ELECTIVE CORE II

PROGRAMMMING IN C

UNIT I:

Structure of a C programming - Character set - Data types - Tokens, identifiers, keywords - Variables and constants - Operators - Arithmetic relational, logic - Assignment, increment, decrement - Bit wise and conditional operators - Special operators - comma, size of, pointer operator – Arithmetic expressions- input-output statements - getchar(), putchar(), scanf & printf.

UNIT II:

Control statement - if-if else – Nested if-else - Else if ladder - Switch statement - go to statement - While, do while - for - Continue statement. Arrays - one dimensional array-two dimensional array – Declaration & initialization of Arrays-character array - declaring & initializing character array - string functions - strcat(), strcmp(), strcpy(), strlen().

UNIT III:

Defining function - return values and their types - category of function (functions with no argument with no return values, arguments with return values) - storage classes (automatic, external, static, register)

UNIT IV:

Structures and unions – defining - declaration-accessing a structure member - structure initializing the structure - array of structure- array within structure - structure with in structure (basic idea only) – pointer - accessing the address of the variable - declaring & initializing a pointer variable – Files - file pointer - opening and closing files - formatted I/O with files (fscanf, fprintf).

UNIT V:

Simple programs – Addition of two numbers - Area of the triangle, and circle -Time period of the simple pendulum - Average of n numbers - Conversation of Fahrenheit to Celsius and Celsius to Fahrenheit - Solving quadratic equations -Finding the factorial using recursion - Smallest and largest element in an array -Ascending and descending order - Names in alphabetical order.

- 1. Programming in C (ANSI)-E.Balagurusamy-4th edition Tata Mc Graw Hill Pub. New Delhi.
- 2. Programming in C R. Subburaj Vikas Pub. House Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 3. The spirit of C Mullish Cooper Jaico Pub. House New Delhi.

CODE: NME II

NON MAJOR ELECTIVE II

NON – CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES

(To be offered to the students of other departments)

UNIT I: RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

Conventional energy sources: Electricity production by water, radioactive materials and fossil fuel – Energy resources and their availability – Need for alternative energy resources – Types of renewable energy resources – Advantages.

UNIT II: SOLAR ENERGY FUNDAMENTALS

Physical principle of conversion of solar radiation into heat – Basic idea of solar collectors – Applications of solar energy – Solar water heating – Solar electric power generation – Solar cooker – Solar energy in space.

UNIT III: WIND ENERGY

Basic principle of wind conversion – Types of wind mills – Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy conversion (WECs) – Applications of wind energy.

UNIT IV: OTHER FORMS OF ENERGY

Energy from biomass – Biogas generation – KVIC biogas plant – Biogas from plant waste – Main applications of biogas – Basic ideas of ocean thermal electric conversion (OTEC).

UNIT V: ENERGY FOR THE FUTURE

Basic principle for tidal power – Advantages and limitations of tidal power generation – Use of hydrogen as an energy sources – Production of hydrogen by solar method - Hydrogen as a fuel in future.

- 1. Solar energy Utilization G. D. Rai, Khanna publications, New Delhi, 1993.
- 2. Principle and practices of Solar Energy C. P. Anantha Krishnan and Sethu Rao.

CODE: CC11

CORE COURSE XII

WAVEMECHANICS AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS

UNIT I: PROPERTIES OF NUCLEUS, PARTICLE ACCELERATORS, DETECTORS

Properties of Nucleus – size, charge, mass spin – Nuclear magnetic dipole moment – Electric quadrupole moment – Binding energy – Packing fraction – Nuclear forces – Nuclear model – Liquid drop model (qualitative treatment only) – Accelerator – Betatron – Proton synchrotron – Detector: G.M. Counter – Wilson's cloud chamber.

UNIT II: INDUCED RADIOACTIVITY AND RADIOACTIVE SPECTRA

Nuclear reaction – Induced radioactivity – Artificial transmutation – Techniques – Applications of radio isotopes – Discovery and detection of Neutron – basic properties of neutron – Theory of Alpha decay – Alpha ray spectra – Fine structure – Beta ray spectra – Neutrino hypothesis – Gamma ray spectra – Internal conversion – Nuclear isomerism.

UNIT III: NUCLEAR FUSION AND ELEMENTARY PARTICLES

Nuclear fusion – Hydrogen cycle – Carbon – Nitrogen cycle – Stellar energy – Plasma – Elementary particles – Classifications - Baryons and Leptons – Antiparticles: mesons, μ , π , k and strange particles – Conservation of laws - Quarks.

UNIT IV: DUAL NATURE OF MATTER

de Broglie's concepts of matter waves – de Broglie's wavelength – Wave velocity and group velocity for the de Broglie's waves – Experimental study of matter waves – Davison and Germer experiment – G.P. Thomson's experiment for verifying de Broglie's relation – Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.

UNIT V: SCHRODINGER'S WAVE MECHANICS

Basic concepts of wave mechanics – Development of Schrödinger's wave equation – Time independent and time dependent form of wave equation – Properties of wave function – Orthogonal and normalized wave function – Eigen function and Eigen values – Applications of Schrödinger's equation – Particle in a box (one dimensional).

- 1. Modern Physics S. Murugeshan S Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Modern Physics J. B. Rajam S Chand & Co
- 3. Nuclear Physics Irwing Kaplan Addison & Wesley Publishing Company, 1955.

CODE: CC12

CORE COURSE XIII

SOLID STATE PHYSICS

UNIT I: BONDING IN SOLIDS

Force between atoms – Cohesive energy – Calculation of cohesive energy – Ionic bonding – Calculation of lattice energy of ionic crystals – Calculation of Madelung constant of ionic crystals – Born- Haber cycle – Covalent bond – Metallic bond – Intermolecular bonds such as dispersion bond, dipole bond, hydrogen bonds.

UNIT II: ELEMENTARY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

Unit cell – Lattice parameters – Crystal systems – Crystal symmetry – Rotation – Inversion axis – Translation symmetry elements – Bravais space lattice – SC, BCC, FCC, HCP – Cubic structures of diamond, zinc blende, sodium chloride – Caesium chloride – Miller indices – Separation between lattice planes in a cubic crystal.

UNIT III: SEMICONDUCTORS

Properties of semiconductors – Effects of electric field on N-type and P-type semiconductors – Conductivity in a semiconductor – Hall Effect – Determination of Hall Voltage, carrier concentration and mobility – Applications of Hall Effect.

UNIT IV: CONDUCTION AND DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Physical properties of metals – Classification of conducting material – Free electron theory – Weidmann - Franz law – Dielectric constant – Types of polarization – Types of dielectric materials – Clausius – Mossotti equation – Applications of dielectric materials.

UNIT V: MAGNETIC MATERIAL AND SUPER CONDUCTIVITY

Types of magnetic materials – Langevein's (Classical) theory of para magnetism – Weiss theory of ferromagnetism – Properties of dia, para and ferro magnetic material – Super conductivity – Properties of super conductors – Meissner effect – BCS theory (qualitative treatment only) – Applications.

- 1. Solid State Physics VI Edition S.O. Pillai, New Age International (P) Publisher, Chennai.
- 2. Material Science M. Arumugam, Anuratha Publications, Kumbakonam.
- 3. Modern Physics R. Murugeshan S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 1994.
- Fundamentals of Solid State Physics B. S. Saxena, R. C. Gupta, P. N. Saxena – Pragati Prakashan, Meerat.
- 5. Solid State Physics S. L. Gupta, V. Kumar K. Nath & Co., Meerut.

CODE: CC13

CORE COURSE XIV

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND MICROPROCESSOR

UNIT I: NUMBER SYSTEM

Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal number systems - Code conversion-BCD codes, Excess -3, Gray code - Alphanumeric code - BCD addition, subtraction -9's and 10's compliments - 1's and 2's compliments-subtraction using 1's and 2's compliments

UNIT II: COMBINATIONAL LOGIC SYSTEM AND DATA PROCESSING CIRCUITS

Logic gates, symbols, and their truth tables, (AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR and NAND) - Universality of NAND and NOR gates - Half adder - Full adder - Half subtractor - Full subtractor - 2's compliment adder - Subtractor circuits BCD adder - Decoder (binary to decimal) - Encoder (decimal to binary) - Multiplexer - Demultiplexer.

UNIT III: SIMPLIFICATION OF BOOLEAN EXPRESSION

Boolean algebra - Fundamental concepts - Basic laws - Duality theorem - De Morgan's theorem - SOP and POS forms of expressions - Minterm - Maxterms -Reducing Boolean expressions using Boolean laws and Karnaugh's map (four variables).

UNIT IV: SEQUENTIAL LOGIC SYSTEM

R-S Flip-Flop using NAND and NOR gates - Clocked R-S Flip-Flop- D Flip-Flop - T flip-flop - J-K Flip-Flop and J-K Master - Slave Flip-flop – Counter - Ripple counter - Mod 10 counter - Ring counter - 3 bit register using D flip-flop- D/A converter - Weighted resistor method - A/D: Successive approximation method.

UNIT V: MICROPROCSEEOR

Intel 8085 microprocessor: architecture, registers, ALU - Instruction formats - Addressing modes - Types of instructions - Assembly Language Programming - Programs for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.

- 1. Digital computer electronics Albert Paul Malvino, Glencoe, 1992
- 2. Microprocessor Badri Ram, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, 1993.
- 3. Digital electronics Tokheim Schaum Series, McGraw-Hill Education, 1994.
- 4. Digital electronics and microprocessor Vijayendran, Viswanathan, S., Printers & Publishers Pvt. Ltd, 2009.

CORE COURSE XI

CODE: CC14

MAJOR PRACTICAL - IV

(Any 15 experiments only)

- 1. LCR Series resonant circuit
- 2. LCR Parallel resonant circuit
- 3. Regulated power supply Zener diode
- 4. Logic Gates using discrete components
- 5. Voltage doubler and Tripler
- 6. Single stage RC coupled amplifier using transistor
- 7. Colpitt's oscillator.
- 8. Hartley oscillator.
- 9. FET Characteritics.
- 10. OP-AMP -adder and subtractor.
- 11. OP-AMP-integrator and differentiator
- 12. Astable multivibrator using Operational amplifier
- 13. Study of logic gates using ICs
- 14. Verification of De Morgan's laws using ICs
- 15. Half Adder and Full Adder using basic gates
- 16. RS, D and JK flip-flops
- 17. NAND as universal gate using ICs
- 18. NOR as universal gate using ICs
- 19. Decoder using ICs

CODE: ME III

ELECTIVE CORE III

ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION

UNIT I: BASIC CONCEPTS OF MEASUREMENT

Definition - Accuracy and Precision - Type of errors - Gross error - Systematic errors - Random errors - Nature of units: Fundamental & derived quantities - Absolute units – Dimensions - Systems of mechanics units - Systems of electrical units -Introduction of SI systems of units - Dimension in electrostatic and electro magnetic system - Dimension of electrical and magnetic quantities - Standards of measurement – Standard for mass, length, volume, time & frequency - Electrical standards-standard of temperature – IEEE standards.

UNIT II: ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTS

Introduction - Analog and digital instruments – Function of instruments electronic versus electrical instruments - Essential of electronic instrument - Basic mater movement - Characteristics of moving coil meter movements - Variation of basic meter movement - Converting basic meter to DC ammeter, DC voltmeter, ohmmeter - Multi range DC ammeter & DC voltmeter - Electronic voltmeter - DC VTVM - Electronic voltmeter for AC - The digital voltmeter(DVM) - Q-meter.

UNIT III: BRIDGE MEASURMENT

Introduction: Wheatstone bridge - Kelvin bridge - Effect of connecting leads - Kelvin double bridge - AC bridge & their application - Condition for bridge balance - Maxwell bridge - Hay bridge - Schering bridge.

UNIT IV: TRANSDUCERS

Classification - Position transducer - Pressure transducer - Self generating inductive transducers - Linear Variable Differential Transducer (LVDT) -Piezoelectric transducer - Strain gauge - Temperature Transducer - Thermistor – Thermocouple - Acoustic Transducers: Ribbon microphone - Crystal microphone-Loud speaker.

UNIT V: DISPLAY UNITS

CRO – CRT - Normal operation of CRO – Triggered - Non triggered scopes - dual trace CRO-dual beam CRO - Lissajous figures - Frequency determination - Applications of a CRO.

- Modern electronic instrumentation and measurement techniques Albert D Helfrick and William D. Cooper, Prentice - hall of India private limited,1999.
- 2. Electronics & electrical measurement & instrumentation J. B. Gupta S. K. Kataria & sons, Delhi, thirteenth edition.
- Basic electronics and solid state B. L. Theraja S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi - 2000.

CODE: SBE III

SKILL BASED ELECTIVE III

C PRACTICALS

- 1. Finding the area of the triangle.
- 2 Finding the area of a circle.
- 3. Conversion of temperature from Centigrade to Farenheit.
- 4. Conversion of temperature from Farenheit to Centigrade.
- 5. Printing of characters and strings.
- 6. Program for arithmetic operations.
- 7 Program for the factorial of a number
- 8. Program for Fibonacci series

SEMESTER-III

CODE:

ALLIED PHYSICS- I

(FOR MATHS AND CHEMISTRY STUDENTS)

UNIT I: MECHANICS

Laws of friction - Co-efficient of friction - Cone of friction - Angle of friction - Static and dynamic friction - Equilibrium of a body on an inclined plane with and without the application of an external force – Lubricants - Centre of pressure - Centre of pressure of a rectangular lamina immersed in a liquid - Stability of floating bodies-Meta center - Determination of meta centric height of a ship.

UNIT II: PROPERTIES OF MATTER

Stress, strain, moduli of elasticity - Work done - Relation between elastic moduli-poisson's ratio - Bending moment – Cantilever - Non-uniform bending - pin and microscope method – Searle's method for q, n, sigma - I form of girders-

UNIT III: THERMAL PHYSICS

Newton's law of cooling - Specific heat capacity of a liquid - Specific heat capacity of a gas - C_P and C_V - Mayer's relation - Determination of C_V by Jolly's differential steam calorimeter - Determination of C_P by Regnault's method – Conduction - Coefficient of thermal conductivity - Lee's disc method.

UNIT IV: OPTICS AND SPECTROSCOPY

IR and UV spectroscopy - Raman effect – Experiment – Applications - Lasers and Masers - Stimulated emission - Population inversion - Ruby laser - He-Ne laser -Optical fibre - Numerical aperture - Coherent bundle - Fibre optic communication system and its advantages.

UNIT V: SOUND

Ultrasonic waves - production, properties and applications - Acoustics of buildings - Reverberation - Sabine's formula.

Books for Study and Reference:

- 1. Statics, Hydrostatics and Hydrodynamics Narayanamoorthy and Nagarathinam, Nation Publishing, Chennai.
- 2. Sound Saigal S.Chand & Co. Delhi.
- 3. Properties of matter D. S. Mathur, S. Chand Limited, 2008.
- 4. Heat and Thermodynamics Brijlal and Subramaniam, S. Chand, Limited, 2001.
- 5. Optics Brijlal and Subramaniam, S. Chand, 2006.
- 6. Optics Ajoy Ghatak Tata Mc Graw Hill, Delhi.
- 7. Allied Physics -1 A. Sundaravelusamy.

CODE:

ALLIED PHYSICS II

(FOR MATHS AND CHEMISTRY STUDENTS)

UNIT I: ELECTROSTATICS

Static electricity - Coulomb's law - Mechanical force on the surface of a charged conductor - Electrostatic energy in the medium – Capacitors - Principles of condenser condensers in series and parallel - Capacity of a cylindrical condenser - Energy of a charged condenser – loss of energy due to sharing of charges.

UNIT II: CURENT ELECTRICITY AND ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Potentiometer – principle - Calibration of an ammeter - Magnetic effect due to an electric current - Laplace's law - Magnetic effect at the centre of a circular coil carrying current - Fleming's Left Hand rule - Moving coil galvanometer - Electromagnetic induction laws - Expression for induced e.m.f - Self and mutual inductance.

UNIT III: ATOMIC PHYSICS

Atom models - Bohr atom model - Vector atom model - Quantum numbers in vector atom model – Pauli's exclusion principle - X ray – Production – Properties - Continuous and characteristics of X rays - Mosley's law and its importance - Bragg's law - Miller indices-Determination of crystal structure – Laue's Method - Powder photograph method.

UNIT IV: NUCLEAR PHYSICS

Detectors - Ionization chamber - GM counter - Wilson's cloud chamber - Bubble chamber - Induced radioactivity - Artificial transmutation - Application of radio isotopes - Nuclear forces - Classification of Elementary particles.

UNIT V: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Introduction - Number system - Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal number systems -Logic gates - NAND and NOR gates as an Universal building block - Boolean algebra -Boolean laws - De Morgan's theorem.

- 1. Electricity and Magnetism, R. Murugeshan, S. Chand Limited, 2008.
- 2. Modern Physics, R. Murugeshan, S. Chand Limited, 2008.
- 3 Digital Electronics, R. P Jain, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2010.
- 4. Allied physics II, A. Sundravelsamy, Motion Mountain.

SEMESTER III &IV

CODE:

ALLIED PHYSICS PRACTICAL

(Any 12 experiments only)

- 1. Non-uniform bending-pin and microscope.
- 2. Surface tension and interfacial surface tension-drop weight method.
- 3. Co-efficient of viscosity of a liquid using graduated burette.
- 4. Specific heat capacity of a liquid by cooling method.
- 5. Lee's disc-thermal conductivity of a bad conductor.
- 6. Spectrometer -Refractive index of a solid prism
- 7. Spectrometer -grating-minimum deviation method
- 8. Air wedge-Thickness of wire
- 9. Newton's rings-radius of curvature of a convex lens.
- 10. Sonometer verification of laws.
- 11. Carey Foster's Bridge-specific resistance.
- 12. Figure of merit of a table galvanometer.
- 13. Potentiometer-Calibration of low range voltmeter
- 14. Characteristics of a junction and Zener diode.
- 15. AND, OR and NOT logic gates-verification of truth tables using ICs
- 16. Verification of De Morgan's theorems using ICs

SEMESTER-III

CODE:

APPLIED PHYSICS – I (For Computer Science Students)

UNIT I: ELECTROSTATICS

Fundamentals of electrostatics – Gauss theorem and its application – Intensity due to a charged Sphere - Intensity at a point between two charged parallel plane conductors -Intensity at a point due to uniformly charged cylinder – Capacity – Principle of a capacitor – Spherical and cylindrical capacitors – Capacitors in series and parallel – Energy of a charged capacitor – Energy loss due to sharing of charges – Types of capacitors.

UNIT II: MAGNETOSTATICS

Magnetic field – Magnetic flux density – Magnetization – Intensity of magnetization –Permeability – Susceptibility – Relation between them –Properties of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials – Hysteresis – BG method – coercivity, retentivity and energy loss from hysteresis loop (BH curve).

UNIT III: CURRENT ELECTRICITY

Kirchoff's laws – Carey Foster's bridge – Experimental determination of temperature co-efficient of resistance – Potentiometer – Measurement of current and resistance – Calibration of low and high range voltmeter – Fleming's left hand rule – Theory of moving coil ballistic galvanometer – Damping correction in BG.

UNIT IV: ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Laws of electromagnetic induction – Induced e.m.f – Self inductance - Mutual inductance – Eddy current – Determination of self inductance – Raleigh's method – Coefficient of mutual induction – Absolute method – Coefficient of coupling – Transformer theory.

UNIT V: ALTERNATING CURRENT

RMS value of current and voltage – Power in A.C Circuit – Power factor derivation – Wattless current – Choke - Series and parallel resonance circuits – Impedance – Q factor – Selectivity and Sharpness of resonance.

- 1. Electricity and Magnetism Brijlal and Subramanian Ratan Prakashan Mandir New Delhi 1995.
- 2. Electricity and Magnetism Narayanamurthy & Nagarathinam, Penguin Books, India.
- 3. Electricity and Magnetism D. L. Seghal and Chopra, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2014.

CODE:

APPLIED PHYSICS – II (For Computer Science Students)

UNIT I: SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Valance and Conduction bands – Insulators, Conductors and Semiconductors - Intrinsic semiconductor – Extrinsic semiconductor – PN junction Diode – Forward bias and reverse bias characteristics – Half wave rectifier – Full wave rectifier - Zener diode - characteristics - Zener diode as voltage regulated power supply.

UNIT II: TRANSISTOR

Bipolar junction transistors – CE and CB configuration – AC and DC equivalent circuits of CB and CE - Transistor biasing: voltage divider biasing – JFET – Basic construction - Theory of operation – Static characteristics of JFET - Common source JFET amplifier.

UNIT III: OPTOELECTRONICS

Light Emitting Diode – theory – construction –applications – Liquid Crystal Display – construction – working – PN Junction photo diode – Photoconductive cell – theory and working – Photo transistor – Photo Darlington – Photovoltaic solar cell – Laser Diode – theory and characteristics.

UNIT IV: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

Op – Amp symbol – Polarity conventions – Ideal operational Amplifier – Virtual ground and Summing point – Applications: inverting amplifier, non inverting amplifier, unity follower, adder, subtractor, integrator, differentiator, logarithmic and anti logarithmic amplifier.

UNIT V: INTEGRATOR CIRCUIT

Introduction – Advantages of ICs, scale of integration – classification of ICs by structure – classification of ICs by function – digital integrator circuits – IC technology – monolithic ICs – fabrication of IC components: transistor, diode, capacitor, complete monolithic ICs – applications – MOS integrator circuits.

- 1. Electronic devices and circuits B.L. Theraja & A.K. Theraja S. Chand & company Ltd. 1999 edition.
- 2. Principle of Electronics by V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta S. Chand & company Ltd. 1999 edition.

SEMESTER III & IV

CODE:

APPLIED PRACTICAL FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

(Any 12 experiments only)

- 1. Field along the axis of a coil-to find the field and to find the magnetic moment.
- 2. Series resonant circuit.
- 3. Zener diode characteristics.
- 4. PN Junction diode characteristics.
- 5. Potentiometer ammeter calibration.
- 6. Potentiometer –specific resistance of the given coil.
- 7. Transistor characteristics-CB mode.
- 8. Transistor characteristics- CE mode.
- 9. Zener-regulated power supply.
- 10. Carey Foster Bridge-Specific resistance.
- 11. FET-Characteristics.
- 12. Astable multivibrator using OP-AMP.
- 13. Basic logic gates using ICs.
- 14. Verification of De Morgan's theorem using ICs.
- 15. Parallel resonant circuit.
- 16. Half adder and Half subtractor using ICs